

## 25th Voorburg Group

# An introduction to FISIM: Concepts and measurement difficulties

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## **Outline of presentation**

- Why are we doing this?
- Financial intermediation
  - And an example that makes it clear
- National accounts concepts
- Measurement difficulties
- Yet more challenges on the horizon

## **Banking and Credit Services**

- "Internationally comparable methodology for measuring the constant dollar outputs of the service industries"
- National accountants highlighted importance of this sector at 22<sup>nd</sup> VG (Seoul, 2007)
- Mini-presentations at 24<sup>th</sup> VG (Oslo, 2009)
  - Issues, particularly for SPPI
- Level of engagement of Group?
  - New area
  - Very different concepts

I'm in need of funds to expand my business



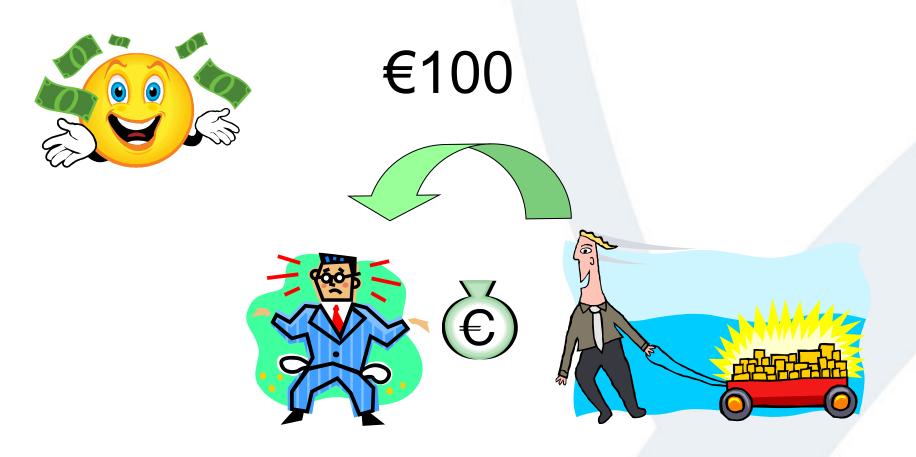
I have funds that are surplus to my current requirements

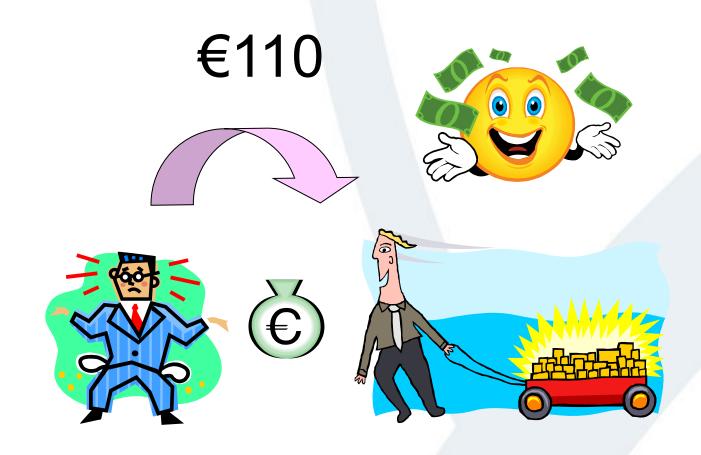


If you lend me €100, I will pay you back €110











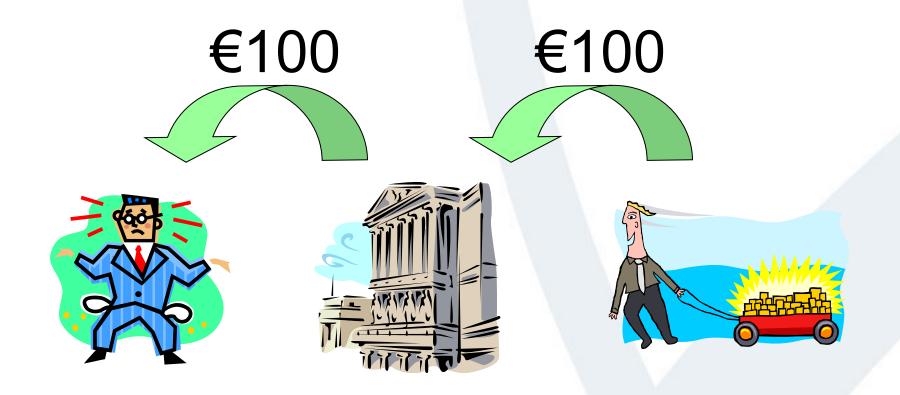


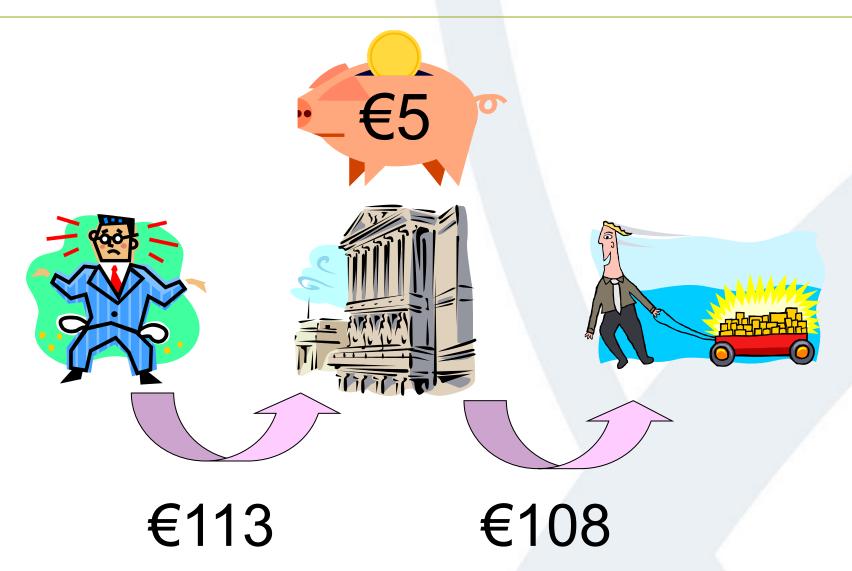












#### **Financial Intermediation Services**

- Intermediary between borrowers and lenders
  Useful service
- Neither borrower nor lender is explicitly charged for this service
- Both borrower and lender implicitly pay for the service
- National accounts partition these transactions and impute the service charge so that it is explicit
  FISIM



#### The Borrower



- Borrows €100
- Bank charges 13% bank interest
- SNA partitions this transaction into
  - -10% SNA interest received
  - -3% Service Charge received
- Borrower's Service charge is the difference between
  - –Bank Interest received
  - -SNA Interest received

#### The Lender



- Lends €100
- Bank pays 8% bank interest
- SNA partitions this transaction into
  - -10% SNA interest paid
  - -2% Service Charge received
- Lender's service charge is the difference between
  - **–SNA** interest
  - –Bank interest paid

## Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured



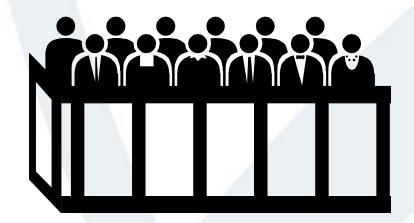
- FISIM is the sum of
  - -The service charge paid by the borrower
  - -The service charge paid by the lender
- We usually think of this as the gap between the interest rates on loans and deposits
- SNA breaks it up in to two bits
  - –And SPPI measures prices for Deposits and Loans

#### **Measurement difficulties**

- The basis for this concept is some underlying Reference Rate
  - Which then determines SNA interest
  - "should contain no service elements and should also reflect the risk and maturity structure of deposits and loans"
    - 2008 SNA 6.166
- Choice of Reference Rate?
- What happens if the data observed and the reference rate give a negative price?
  - Aggregation issues, timing, data sources

# The horizon – loans and the treatment of risk

- Much debate in the national accountant's community over measurement of FISIM
- 2008 SNA proposes single reference rate
  - -Meaning that the service charge incorporates an assessment on behalf of the institution on the likelihood of the borrower defaulting
    - Risk mitigation is then part of intermediate consumption
  - -"Risk management is part of FISIM"
- Alternative proposals suggest greater range of reference rates to properly reflect huge variety of deposit and loan instruments
  - –"Risk management is not part of FISIM and instead part of interest"



## **Questions?**

Thank you